Substantial Damage Inspection Procedure

FEMA Region III

5 Ps, Prior, Planning, Promotes, Perfect, Procedures!

- 1. Plan how to accomplish the goals of performing substantial damage inspections, what resources do you have at your disposal?
- 2. Coordinate with the entire community.
- 3. What teams will go where, route development.
- 4. Who will enter data or calculate damages.
- 5. Transportation, drivable or walkable inspections?
- 6. Quality Control!

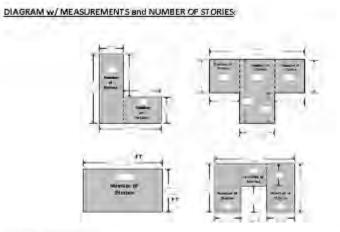
Ground Rules! Required! No-Compromise!

- 1. Inform Law Enforcement you and your teams will be in the area.
- 2. Never enter a property with posted, no trespassing, beware of dog, or purple paint.
- 3. Upon arriving at a property, always knock on the door, no exceptions.
- 4. Be polite, listen, survivors may need a comforting ear, never one up them, be understanding.
- 5. Take photos at an angle and if possible get the address in the photo, never have the survivor in the photo.
- 6. You are assisting the community to obtain damage data, the community will make the substantial damage determination.
- 7. The community (AHJ) condemns properties, FEMA does not have that authority.

Substantial Damage Worksheet

SDE	Residentia	Worksheet

		inspector Nar	me
Inspection V Photo V		Date	
PROPERTY LOCATIC	<u>DN</u>		
Listitude:		.org)Eide	
Street Address City, State, Zip County			
STRUCTURE ATTRIE	UTES		
Rezidence Type:	O Single Family Residence O Tawin of Saw House O Manufactured I buse	Foundations	Conthinous Wall w/Side Obsernent Octawissoce Offen Offen-Gradie Offen-Gradie Offen & Posts
SuperAructure	O Stud Frankd O Colwar Brick O ICT O Mesonicy	Roof Covering:	O Shingles - Assnelt, Week O triay Te O Shan Jing Seam (Metal) O Sete
Exterior Finish:	O S'sling er Stucce: O Ertek Vereen O F "S O None – common artek, si		C riger 'ng and/ar Gro 'ng C Nans
Story:	⊙One Stary ⊙Two ann'are Starles	Quality:	Clowr Cludgot CAwersge Geod Classi ant
Year of Constructio	n:		
Date Damage Good	med; / /		
Cause of Damage:	O File O Finad O Fiload acted Wind	Duration of Flood	
	O Safemite O Wind	Depth of Flood Abov	e Ground:
	O alter	Depth of Flood Abov	e 1ª Fleor:



ELEMENT PERCENTAGES

Foundation%	Cabinets & Countertops	%
Superstructure%	Floor Finish	%
Roof Covering%	Plumbing	
Exterior Finish%	Electrical	%
Interior Finish%	Appliances	%
Deers and Windows%	HVAC	%

MISC NOTES:



• Breakdown

2017 Cost Study

Delement

(10) P. 207 Constraints (2) Super-part or based on the super-part of the state o

Can be provided the control of the space of the strength $V_{\rm eff}^{\rm eff}$ is the provided provided the strength of the str

Respondentians a particular static dynamic manifered and angle and particular ball (given by a starting 2011) and a respondent and restarting and 11 march 2011. To avail the static static static 2011 Constanting Contractory.



and a detailed details a similar and a statistical set of the set of the two set γ -masses. Our angular is not next the default of the two set of the two

•	Foundation	12.7%
•	Superstructure	21.8%
•	Roof Covering	3.8%
•	Exterior Finish	7.9%
•	Interior Finish	17.8%
•	Doors and Windows	4.5%
•	Cabinets and Countertops	5.8%
•	Floor Finish	5%
•	Plumbing	7%
•	Electrical	6.7%
•	Appliances	1.75%
•	HVAC	5.5%

http://www.nahbclassic.org/generic.aspx?genericContentID=260013/





Foundation



Superstructure



Exterior Finish, Story, & Roof Covering



2018 International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings (First Printing: Aug 2017)

HVAC

CHAPTER 3 BUILDING PLANNING

R303.10 Required heating.

Where the winter design temperature in Table R301.2(1) is below 60°F (16°C), every diveling unit shall be provided with heating facilities capable of maintaining a room temperature of not less than 68°F (20°C) at a point 3 feet (914 mm) above the floor and 2 feet (610 mm) from exterior walls in habitable rooms at the design temperature. The installation of one or more portable space heaters shall not be used to achieve compliance with this section.



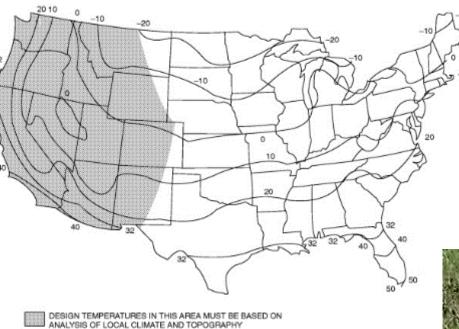








FIGURE R301.2(1) ISOLINES OF THE 97¹/ 2 -PERCENT WINTER (DECEMBER, JANUARY AND FEBRUARY) DESIGN TEMPERATURES (°F)



Quality

Quality prior to the event occurring!

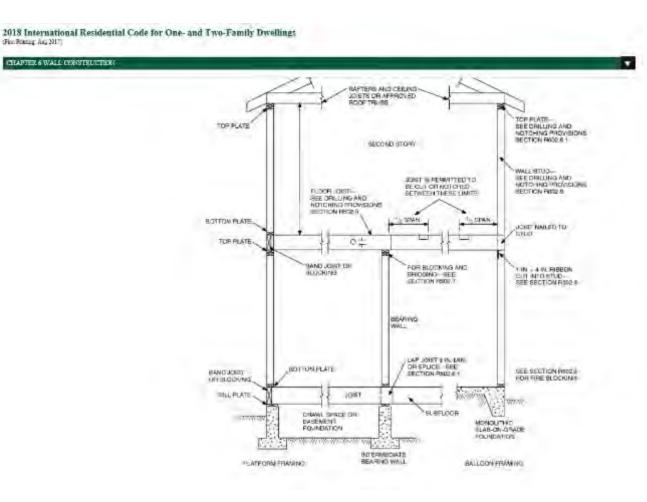




Determining the Height of Flooding



Housing Components



<page-header>

Footers and Foundation

- Check for damage around the house:
 - Was footers or foundation undermined and allowed to settle?
 - Are there cracks, if so are the cracks new or existing prior to the event?
 - Are there portions missing?





Superstructure

• Walls and Roof Support

- Did they become inundated?
- Are they twisted, bowed, or broken?
- Are portions missing?



Exterior Finish

- Does it need cleaned?
- Damaged?
- Missing?







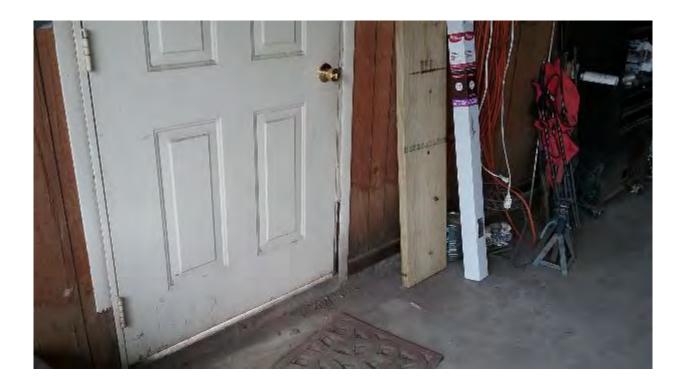
Interior Finish

• Damage to Drywall or other wall coverings?



Doors and Windows

- Inundation may cause warping of frames and doors.
- Windows or doors broken or missing.



Cabinets and Countertops

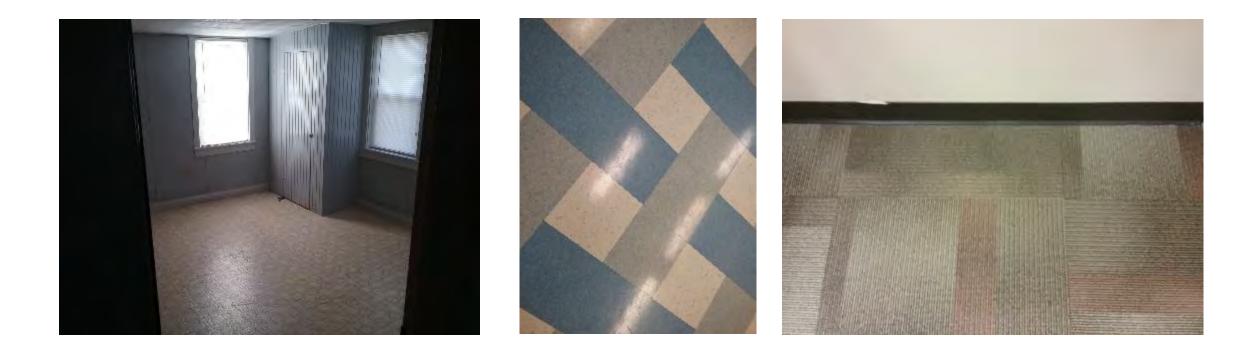
- What are they made of (can they be cleaned)?
- What was the height of the flood? May only impact a portion of the cabinets.





Floor Finish

• Typically flooring will have to be replaced if inundated with flood water for any duration. Environmental conditions may also factor in.



Plumbing and Electrical

- Electrical and Plumbing components inundated by water should at minimum be inspected before re-use or re-energized.
 - Electric refer to UL pamphlet: After the Storm, Floodwater Safety
 - Plumbing, test according to applicable code and type of plumbing. (example Section P2503 of the 2018 IRC)
 - Did foundation torque or twist, could impact electric and plumbing (settling or superstructure flexing may have broken pipes, chafed wires, or stripped wires from fixtures?
 - Plumbing and electrical components allow the possibility of infiltration of contaminants, can plumbing be cleaned and disinfected, was electrical components impacted by sediment, silt, or other factors.





Appliances

• Built in appliances (fridge, stove, washing machine, dryer, furnace, built in microwave, dishwasher, water heater, water pump, etc.)



HVAC

• Treat HVAC as any other plumbing or electrical components and inspect prior to re-energizing. For damage purposes if they were inundated, mark as needing to be replaced and let the AHJ have the conversation with the property owner.



Test House



Answer

Root

Exterior Finish



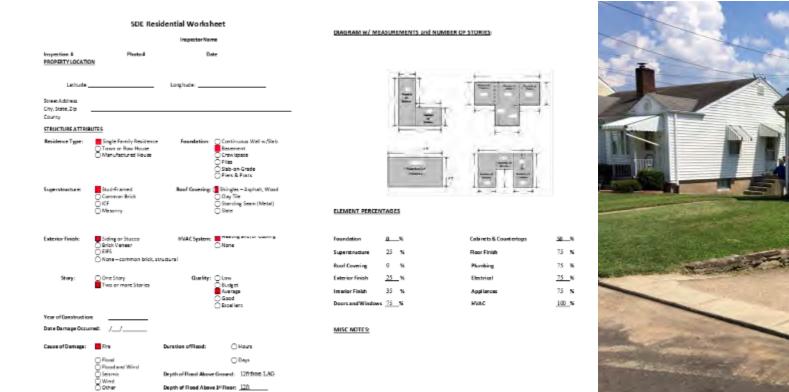
O Ploced O Flood and Wind O Seismic O Wind O Other

Depth of Flood Above Ground: 311 from LAG Depth of Flood Above 14 Floor: 🛐

Test House



Answer



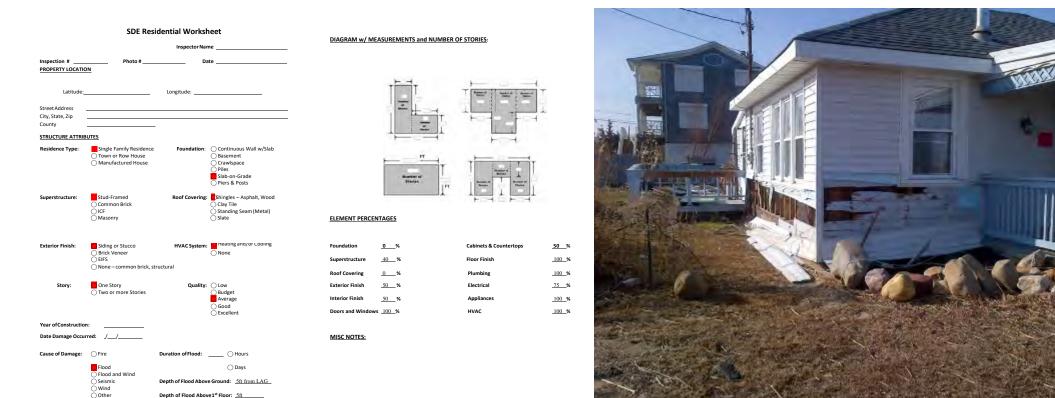
Depth of Flood Above 14 Floor: 120



Test House



Answer



Depth of Flood Above1st Floor: 5ft

Test House



Answer

SDE Residential Worksheet

Inspecto

DIAGRAM w/ MEASUREMENTS and NUMBER OF STORIES:

<u>100</u>%

100 %

0 %

50 %

<u>50</u>%

Same -

Cabinets & Countertops

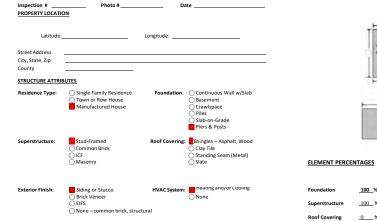
Floor Finish

Plumbing

Electrical

Appliances

HVAC



Story:	One Story Two or more Stories	Quality: Low Budget Average Good
		 Excellent

Year of Construction: Date Damage Occurred: /__/__

Cause of Damage: OFire

MISC NOTES:

Exterior Finish Interior Finish

Doors and Windows 100 %



Duration of Flood: O Hours

